STATE OF SO	UTH CAROLINA))) BEFORE THE) PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION) OF SOUTH CAROLINA)) COVER SHEET)			
(Caption of Cas	se))				
Motion for Pa	gy Carolinas, Inc.'s rtial Waiver of Rules 103-331 and 10)				
))))	DOCKET NUMBER: 2	<u> 2009</u> - <u>168</u>	- <u>E</u>	
(Please type or print)					
Submitted by:	Catherine E. Heig	el	SC Bar Number:	9268		
Address:	526 S. Church Str	eet, EC03T	Telephone:	704-382-8123		
	Charlotte, NC 282		Fax:	704-382-5690)	
			Other:			
YOMP M	1.0	ntained herein neither replaces		e.heigel@duke-en		
		Exhibit of Barbara Yarb	-		's Agenda expeditiously t apply)	
☑ Electric		Affidavit	Letter		Request	
Electric/Gas		Agreement	Memorandun	n	Request for Certification	
Electric/Telecon	mmunications	Answer	☐ Motion		Request for Investigation	
☐ Electric/Water		Appellate Review	☐ Objection		Resale Agreement	
☐ Electric/Water/	Telecom.	Application	Petition		Resale Amendment	
☐ Electric/Water/S	Sewer	Brief	Petition for R	teconsideration	Reservation Letter	
Gas		Certificate	Petition for R	Lulemaking	Response	
Railroad		Comments	Petition for Ru	le to Show Cause	Response to Discovery	
Sewer		Complaint	Petition to In	tervene	Return to Petition	
Telecommunications		Consent Order	Petition to Inte	ervene Out of Time	Stipulation	
☐ Transportation ☐ D		Discovery	Prefiled Testi	imony	Subpoena	
☐ Water ☐ Exhibit		Exhibit	Promotion		☐ Tariff	
☐ Water/Sewer ☐		Expedited Consideration	Proposed Ord	ler	Other:	
Administrative Matter		Interconnection Agreement	Protest			
Other: Interconnection		Interconnection Amendmen	nt Dublisher's A	ffidavit		
		Late-Filed Exhibit	Report			

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2009-168-E

In the Matter of:)
)
Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc.'s) DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
Motion for Partial Waiver of) BARBARA G. YARBROUGH
Commission Rules 103-331 and 103-336) FOR DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC
)

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS ,AND POSITION WITH DUK	E
---	----	--	---

- 2 ENERGY CAROLINAS.
- 3 A. My name is Barbara G. Yarbrough. My business address is 526 South Church
- 4 Street, Charlotte, North Carolina. I am Rates Director for Duke Energy Carolinas,
- 5 LLC (referred to hereinafter as "Duke Energy Carolinas" or the "Company"). I have
- 6 responsibility for assisting in the development, implementation, and proper
- administration of the Company's rate schedules and service regulations, as well as
- 8 administering the Public Service Commission of South Carolina's (the
- 9 "Commission") Rules and Regulations. I also am responsible for responding to
- 10 customer inquiries including those directed to the South Carolina Office of
- 11 Regulatory Staff ("ORS").

12 Q. PLEASE STATE BRIEFLY YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL

- 13 **EXPERIENCE.**
- 14 A. I am a graduate of the University of North Carolina at Greensboro. I joined Duke
- Power Company (now known as Duke Energy Carolinas) in 1974, and since 1979 I
- have held several positions in the Company's Rates and Regulatory Affairs
- 17 Department. I have testified before the North Carolina Utilities Commission (the
- "NCUC") and this Commission in complaint and other proceedings.

19 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

- 20 A. The purpose of my testimony is to (1) describe the partial waiver of the
- 21 Commission's Rule 103-331 currently in effect for Duke Energy Carolinas, (2)
- provide an overview of the Company's experience with the waiver, (3) request
- continuation of the partial waiver of Rule 103-331, and (4) request a waiver of Rule

1 103-336.

2 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE RULES REGARDING CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

- 3 IN SOUTH CAROLINA.
- A. Rule 103-331 (3) allows electric utilities to require an existing customer to post a deposit or other form of security to guarantee payment of bills for service if the customer has had two consecutive 30-day arrears or more than two non-consecutive 30-day arrears in the past 24 months. Rule 103-336 provides that deposits shall be refunded completely with interest after two years unless the customer has had two consecutive 30-day arrears, or more than two non-consecutive 30-day arrears, in the past 24 months.
- 11 Q. DOES DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS HAVE A PARTIAL WAIVER OF
 12 RULE 103-331 APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION?
- 13 A. Yes, in Order No. 2004-417 the Commission approved the Company's request for a
 14 partial waiver of Rule 103-331 on an experimental basis in Docket No. 2004-169-E.
 15 As required by Order No. 2004-417, the Company filed a report of its experience
 16 with the waiver on September 27, 2005. In conjunction with filing the report, the
 17 Company requested that the partial waiver of Rule 103-331 be continued and in
 18 Order No. 2005-600 the Commission approved the partial rule waiver on a non19 experimental basis.
- 20 Q. WHY DID THE COMPANY REQUEST A PARTIAL WAIVER OF RULE
 21 103-331?
- 22 A. In the four years prior to requesting the partial waiver, the Company had experienced a significant increase in the volume of accounts written off as

uncollectible. Many of these uncollectible accounts came from nonresidential customers with large accounts or large numbers of accounts, and the lack of available guarantee requirements for these established customers under Rule 103-331 was a significant contributor to write-offs in the nonresidential classes. Under the existing rules, even customers paying within terms, but having financial difficulty can be indebted for two months' service without the utility having the ability to secure the account or discontinue service.

Experience indicates that although the customer may be paying the electric bill on a regular basis because it needs electricity on a day-to-day basis, its financial condition with other customers or suppliers may be rapidly deteriorating and bankruptcy may be imminent. Unlike other customers or suppliers, no charges for electric service are made until after the electricity already has been used, and the customer continues to use electricity until or after that bill becomes past due. The Company also believed, at a minimum, that the credit worthiness criteria under this rule should better match payment provisions in the tariffs and other rules. Specifically, the term "30-day arrears" as used in Rule 103-331 does not match the provisions of the nonresidential tariffs, which provide that bills are past due after 15 days, nor Rule 103-339, which allows late payment charges to be assessed after 25 days. As a result, customers currently do not have sufficient incentive to pay soon enough after billing to mitigate the credit risk.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PARTIAL WAIVER OF RULE 103-331.

A. The partial waiver of Rule 103-331 allows Duke Energy Carolinas to look more broadly at credit worthiness by using external credit data in addition to internal

1		credit data. The Company uses the following information in analyzing credit
2		worthiness for nonresidential customers:
3		• Customer's utility payment record;
4		Key financial information and ratios, including but not limited to;
5		o Net Income
6		o Gross Profit Margin
7		o Cash Flow
8		o Availability of Financing
9		o EBIT/Interest Expense
10		o Total Debt to Total Capital;
11		• Public debt ratings and outlook forecasts from Standard and Poor's,
12		Moody's, Fitch, or other available credit data providers;
13		• Information from Dun & Bradstreet regarding payment trends with other
14		creditors and suppliers; and
15		Business profiles and industry analysis.
16		As shown on Yarbrough Exhibit No. 1, the Company currently uses the internal and
17		external data to formulate an Internal Risk Rating on a scale of one to seven
18		(previously one through eight) in accordance with Duke Energy Corporate Credit
19		Guidelines, with a risk of one being lowest and seven being highest.
20	Q.	HOW IS THE RATING THEN USED TO DETERMINE WHETHER
21		SECURITY IS REQUIRED?
22	A.	The data is reviewed on a regular basis. If the Internal Risk Rating is five or less, no
23		action is taken; if the rating is six or higher, we make a further determination about

whether security is necessary. On Duke Energy Carolinas' rating scale, an Internal Risk Rating of six generally equates to a Standard and Poor's below investment grade rating of B+, B, or B-. As a part of this evaluation we remain sensitive to customers in difficult economic times, and as indicated to the Commission when the waiver was originally approved, we will make every attempt to find alternatives to a cash deposit equal to the highest two-consecutive months' bills. We do not rely solely on a drop in a customer's rating. Typically, our initial step is to request that the customer provide Duke Energy Carolinas with specific financial data from the company. Duke Energy Carolinas recognizes that any customer can have a bad quarter. Consequently, if the company's financials indicate an anomaly or show a financial recovery or other positive sign going forward, and the customer is paying its bills in a timely manner, we may simply continue to monitor the customer's account without requesting additional security. For example, we do not rely unduly on a downturn in a particular industry if our customer in that industry is less impacted. If the financial indicators for a particular customer are not positive, we attempt to work with the customer on security options that do not involve the payment of a two-month cash deposit. These options include bank letters of credit, surety bonds, advance payment, reduced deposits, payment plans for providing the deposit, or some combination of these choices.

Q. WHAT EXPERIENCE HAS THE COMPANY HAD WITH THE PARTIAL WAIVER OF RULE 103-331?

A. We believe that the waiver has been extremely successful and the results show that we have achieved the right balance between minimizing the hardship of a security

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

1	deposit request on customers while minimizing the burden on the general body of
2	rate payers from uncollectibles.

Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY DATA ON THE SUCCESS OF THE WAIVER OF RULE 103-331?

Yes. During 2007, 22 large nonresidential customers or nonresidential customers with large numbers of accounts, with a total monthly (30-day) revenue exposure of \$5.5 million met the criteria for review of credit worthiness under the guidelines of the waiver. Of the 22 reviewed, 20 were not required to provide security after Duke Energy Carolinas reviewed their financials; one was placed on an accelerated payment plan; and one was assessed a deposit. The one for which the deposit was

collected did file bankruptcy and a loss was avoided.

In 2008, 19 large nonresidential customers were reviewed with a monthly revenue exposure of approximately \$ 5.3 million. Of the 19 reviewed, 16 were not required to provide security; one was requested to provide security but did not provide the security before filing bankruptcy. Of the remaining two, one provided a surety bond and one paid a cash deposit. Both of these customers also filed bankruptcy in 2008. It is noteworthy that the deposit collected from one of the two customers that provided security was \$5.2 million of which \$4.7 million was applied to the pre-petition debt and the remainder of the deposit is being held on the post petition account. This \$4.7 million potential loss was more than the total amount of net charge offs in 2008 from all other customers in South Carolina. If Duke Energy Carolinas had not had the ability to collect a deposit from this particular customer pursuant to the rule waiver, the Company's 2008 charge-offs in South Carolina

would have been higher by 146%.1

2 Q. WHAT HAS THE COMPANY'S EXPERIENCE WITH THE RULE

WAIVER BEEN IN 2009?

A.

Because of the difficult economic times, we have reviewed a few more customers than in prior years, but we continue to work with customers. Through June 2009, we have reviewed 25 customers. Of the 25 customers, 16 were not required to provide security; three provided a surety bond; one is on an advanced payment plan; two have been billed a deposit; two paid a deposit; and we are still working with the remaining customer. The results to date are that the two customers that paid a deposit have both filed bankruptcy. Together, the deposits for these two customers totaled \$898,000, which represents amounts that will not have to be charged off as uncollectible. The amount of uncollectibles through June 2009 was \$2,411,884 and without these two deposits, the charged off expense in South Carolina would have been 37% higher during the first six months of this year.

15 Q. HOW DOES THE WAIVER OF RULE 103-331 IN SOUTH CAROLINA 16 COMPARE WITH THE COMPANY'S DEPOSIT COLLECTION 17 PRACTICES IN NORTH CAROLINA?

A. NCUC Rule 12-3 permits Duke Energy Carolinas to require customers to reestablish their credit pursuant to NCUC Rule 12-2 if the conditions on which the customer's credit was originally established "have materially changed." The Company's rule waiver in South Carolinas has allowed it to review and treat customer accounts in South Carolina and North Carolina the same. This is especially important for customers that have accounts in both states. Some of the

¹ The total amount of uncollectibles in South Carolina during 2008 was \$ 3,208,257.

1	same customers whose accounts were secured in South Carolina also were secured
2	in North Carolina and losses prevented

- Q. IN THOSE CASES WHERE A DEPOSIT IS REQUIRED, AND UNDER THE
 PROVISIONS OF THE WAIVER OF RULE 103-336 SOUGHT BY THE
 PARTIES IN THIS PROCEEDING, WHEN WOULD THE CUSTOMER'S
- **DEPOSIT BE RETURNED?**

- A. Consistent with the terms of the Company's existing rule waiver, Duke Energy Carolinas proposes to continue to review customer accounts, and when the customer achieves and maintains an Internal Risk Rating of five or lower for at least two consecutive quarters, the Company will evaluate at that time whether to return the deposit to the customer. The Company is requesting that the Commission waive the requirement of Rule 103-336 that customer deposits be returned after two years if the customer has not had two consecutive 30-day arrears or more than two non-consecutive 30-day arrears during a 24-month period. As I explained above, our experience indicates that although the customer may be paying its electric bill on a regular basis because of the need for electricity on a day-to-day basis, its financial condition with other customers or suppliers may be rapidly deteriorating and bankruptcy may be imminent. As a result, the Company believes the same reasons that justify a waiver of Rule 103-331 also apply to Rule 103-336.
- Q. IS THE CONTINUATION OF THE COMPANY'S EXISTING WAIVER OF
 RULE 103-331 IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST?
- 22 A. Yes, the Company's experience with the rule waiver over the past two and one-half 23 years shows that it is securing the right accounts. We continue to offer alternative

options to a cash deposit and remain sensitive to customer needs. Our objective is to
help these customers stay in business while protecting the rest of our customers from
excessive losses. We believe that continuation of the waiver of Rule 103-331 for
Duke Energy Carolinas is in the public interest and is consistent with prudent
receivables management practices. We also believe Duke Energy Carolinas' proven
success with the rule waiver makes it is appropriate to extend the waiver at this time
to all investor-owned utilities operating in South Carolina.

8 Q. DO OTHER INVESTOR-OWNED UTILITIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA USE

AN INTERNAL RISK RATING SYSTEM SIMILAR TO DUKE ENERGY

CAROLINAS?

A. Yes, it is my understanding that both South Carolina Electric & Gas Company and Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc. perform similar risk analyses, but may use slightly different credit sources and evaluation techniques. We do not believe that the companies' credit evaluation practices need to be identical as long as the practices are generally consistent. To help ensure overall consistency in process and application of a waiver of Rule 103-331 for all investor-owned utilities in South Carolina, Duke Energy Carolinas proposes that the companies provide ORS with a copy of their respective risk rating criteria upon request by ORS.

O. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY?

20 A. Yes, it does.

YARBROUGH EXHIBIT 1

DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC Internal Risk Ratings

Internal Risk Rating	S&P Scale	Moody's Scale	General Description
1	AAA	Aaa	Exceptional degree of stability, with strong ability to pay financial obligations; significant size and strength; high quality assets
2	AA- to AA+	Aa3 to Aa1	Highly stable; modest financial leverage with ample debt capacity; history of strong earnings and cash flow; high quality assets
3	A- to A+	A3 to A1	Strong financial position but more susceptible to economic changes; strong cash flow and interest coverage levels; good quality assets
4	BBB- to BBB+	Baa3 to Baa1	Satisfactory earnings, cash flow and interest coverage; higher degree of susceptibility to cyclical trends; assets and balance sheet are reasonably sound although financial leverage may be above average
5	BB- to BB+	Ba3 to Ba1	Higher degree of volatility of earnings, cash flow, interest and overall performance; marginal interest coverage levels; below average asset quality
6	B- to B+	B3 to B1	Earnings and cash flow are strained and outlook is difficult; financially overleveraged with minimal sources of financing; adverse business conditions would likely impair payment capacity
7	D to CCC+	D to C1	Poor quality in most respects; ability to pay is questionable and payment defaults may have occurred; customer may have filed bankruptcy petition.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Catherine E. Heigel, hereby certify that a copy of Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC's Direct Testimony and Exhibit of Barbara Yarbrough have been served by electronic transmittal or by depositing a copy in the United States Mail, first class postage prepaid, properly addressed to:

Shealy Boland Reibold, Counsel Office of Regulatory Staff 1401 Main Street, Suite 900 Columbia, SC 29201

K. Chad Burgess, Senior Counsel South Carolina Electric & Gas Company 1426 Main Street, MC 130 Columbia, SC 29201

Len S. Anthony, General Counsel Progress Energy Carolinas, Inc. Post Office Box 1551 Raleigh, NC 27602

M. John Bowen, Esq. Margaret M. Fox, Esq. McNair Law Firm Post Office Box 11390 Columbia, SC 29211

This the 20th day of August 2009.

Catherine E. Heigel

Associate General Counsel

Duke Energy Corporation

526 S. Church Street, EC03T

Charlotte, North Carolina 28202

Tel: 704-382-8123

Email: catherine.heigel@duke-energy.com